Package: swag (via r-universe)

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Type Package

Title Sparse Wrapper Algorithm

Version 0.1.1

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Description An algorithm that trains a meta-learning procedure that combines screening and wrapper methods to find a set of extremely low-dimensional attribute combinations. This package works on top of the 'caret' package and proceeds in a forward-step manner. More specifically, it builds and tests learners starting from very few attributes until it includes a maximal number of attributes by increasing the number of attributes at each step. Hence, for each fixed number of attributes, the algorithm tests various (randomly selected) learners and picks those with the best performance in terms of training error. Throughout, the algorithm uses the information coming from the best learners at the previous step to build and test learners in the following step. In the end, it outputs a set of strong low-dimensional learners.

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData false

Depends R (>= 4.0.0)

Imports caret, lattice, Rdpack (>= 0.7), stats, dplyr

Suggests doParallel, e1071, foreach, ggplot2, glmnet, grDevices, iterators, kernlab, knitr, methods, mlbench, ModelMetrics, nlme, parallel, plyr, pROC, randomForest, recipes, remotes, reshape2, stats4, rmarkdown, utils, withr

RdMacros Rdpack

VignetteBuilder knitr

RoxygenNote 7.1.1

URL https://github.com/SMAC-Group/SWAG-R-Package/

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```
BugReports https://github.com/SMAC-Group/SWAG-R-Package/issues/
```

Repository https://smac-group.r-universe.dev **RemoteUrl** https://github.com/smac-group/swag

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha 9dcac38f773cb88679dfc6ab617fe4041b908857

Contents

predict.swag

Predict method for SWAG

Description

Gives predictions for different train learners obtained by swag.

Usage

```
## $3 method for class 'swag'
predict(
  object,
  newdata = NULL,
  type = c("best", "cv_performance", "attribute"),
  cv_performance = NULL,
  attribute = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object An object of class swag.

newdata an optional set of data to predict on. If NULL the original training data are used.

type type of prediction required. The default is "best", it takes the best model (with

lowest CV errors). The option "cv_performance" (which requires cv_performance) allows to set a level of CV errors under which models are predicted. The option "attribute" (which requires attribute) allows to specify an attribute at which

models are predicted.

cv_performance a level of CV errors (between 0 and 1) combines with type "cv_performance".

attribute an attribute combines with type "attribute".

Not used for the moment.

Details

Currently the different train learners are trained (again) to make the predictions.

Value

Predictions.

Author(s)

Gaetan Bakalli, Samuel Orso and Cesare Miglioli

return_glm_beta_selected_models

Returned estimated logistic regression coefficients for each selected model in a summary.swag object

Description

The function return a list that contains beta_models_df and the swag_summary object. The beta_models_df is a dataframe where the columns are all of the selected variables from the summary.swag objects, and where each row are the estimated coefficients from a selected models using the classical lm procedure.

Usage

```
return_glm_beta_selected_models(swag_summary)
```

Arguments

swag_summary A swag_summary object.

Author(s)

Gaetan Bakalli, Samuel Orso, Cesare Miglioli and Lionel Voirol

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```
return_lm_beta_selected_models
```

Returned estimated linear regression coefficients for each selected model in a summary.swag object

Description

The function return a list that contains beta_models_df and the swag_summary object. The beta_models_df is a dataframe where the columns are all of the selected variables from the summary.swag objects, and where each row are the estimated coefficients from a selected models using the classical lm procedure.

Usage

```
return_lm_beta_selected_models(swag_summary)
```

Arguments

```
swag_summary A swag_summary object.
```

Author(s)

Gaetan Bakalli, Samuel Orso, Cesare Miglioli and Lionel Voirol

summary.swag

Summary method for SWAG

Description

Method 'summary' that returns the number and proportion of appearance of each variables on a subset of selected model. The selection procedure of models proceed in two steps. First we select an explored dimension in which the 'mean', 'min' or 'median' is the lowest. We then compute the selected percentile of the CV error on this dimension. We then select all models in all explored dimensions that have a lower CV error than the CV value set by this two-steps procedure.

Usage

```
## $3 method for class 'swag'
summary(
  object,
  min_dim_method = "median",
  min_dim_min_cv_error_quantile = 0.01,
   ...
)
```

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Arguments

```
object A object.

min_dim_method A string that specify the method to identify the dimension on which to compute the quantile to set the minimal CV to select model.

min_dim_min_cv_error_quantile

The quantile of CV error in the selected dimension to specify the minimum CV value for selected models.

... additional arguments affecting the summary produced.
```

Author(s)

Gaetan Bakalli, Samuel Orso, Cesare Miglioli and Lionel Voirol

swag

Spare Wrapper AlGorithm (swag)

Description

swag is used to trains a meta-learning procedure that combines screening and wrapper methods to find a set of extremely low-dimensional attribute combinations. swag works on top of the **caret** package and proceeds in a forward-step manner.

Usage

```
swag(
    x,
    y,
    control = swagControl(),
    auto_control = T,
    caret_args_dyn = NULL,
    metric = NULL,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

```
x A matrix or data. frame of attributes
y A vector of binary response variable.
control see swagControl
auto_control A boolean, whether some control parameters are adjusted depending on x and y (see swagControl).
caret_args_dyn If not null, a function that can modify arguments for train dynamically (see the details).
metric A string that indicates the measure of predictive performance to be used. Supported measure are RMSE and Accuracy.
... Arguments to be passed to train functions (see the details).
```

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Details

Currently we expect the user to replace ... with the arguments one would use for train. This requires to know how to use train function. If ... is left unspecified, default values of train are used. But this might lead to unexpected results.

The function caret_args_dyn is expected to take as a first argument a list with all arguments for train and as a second argument the number of attributes (see examples in the vignette).

More specifically, swag builds and tests learners starting from very few attributes until it includes a maximal number of attributes by increasing the number of attributes at each step. Hence, for each fixed number of attributes, the algorithm tests various (randomly selected) learners and picks those with the best performance in terms of training error. Throughout, the algorithm uses the information coming from the best learners at the previous step to build and test learners in the following step. In the end, it outputs a set of strong low-dimensional learners. See Molinari et al. (2020) for more details.

Value

swag returns an object of class "swag". It is a list with the following components:

x same as x input y same as y input

control the control used (see swagControl)

CVs a list containing cross-validation errors from all trained models VarMat a list containing information about which models are trained

cv_alpha a vector of size pmax containing the cross-validation error at alpha (see swagControl)

IDs a list containing information about trained model that performs better than corresponding cv_alpha error

args_caretarguments used for trainargs_caret_dynsame as args_caret_dyn input

Author(s)

Gaetan Bakalli, Samuel Orso and Cesare Miglioli

References

Molinari R, Bakalli G, Guerrier S, Miglioli C, Orso S, Scaillet O (2020). "SWAG: A Wrapper Method for Sparse Learning." https://arxiv.org/pdf/2006.12837.pdf. Version 1: 23 June 2020, 2006.12837, https://arxiv.org/pdf/2006.12837.pdf.

swagControl

Control for swag function

Description

The Spare Wrapper AlGorithm depends on some meta-parameters that are described below.

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Usage

```
swagControl(
  pmax = 3,
  m = 100,
  alpha = 0.05,
  seed = 163L,
  verbose = FALSE,
  verbose_dim_1 = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

pmax A integer representing the maximum number of attributes per learner.

m A integer representing the maximum number of learners per dimension ex-

plored.

alpha A double representing the proportion of screening.

seed An integer that controls the reproducibility.

verbose A boolean for printing current progress of the algorithm.

verbose_dim_1 A boolean for printing the variable explored in the first screening.

See Also

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